

04 July 2017

UN-SPIDER General Overview

United Nations Office for Outer Space Affairs
United Nations Office at Vienna
www.unoosa.org

UN-SPIDER: Mission statement



"Ensure that all countries have access to and develop the capacity to use all types of space-based information to support the full disaster management cycle."

General Assembly Resolution 61/110 (2006)



The Sendai framework for DRR (2015 – 2030)



Support from space technologies

Priorities for Action:

- 1. Understanding disaster risk;
- 2. Strengthening [governance / institutional arrangements / organizational, legal and policy frameworks] to manage disaster risk;
- 3. Investing in disaster risk reduction for resilience;
- 4. Enhancing disaster preparedness for effective response, and to Build Back Better in recovery, rehabilitation and reconstruction.

The Sendai framework for DRR (2015 – 2030)

A Global Partnership using Space-based Technology Applications for Risk Reduction (GP-STAR): A Voluntary commitment

- Continue facilitating the dialogue among stakeholders in EO, satellite-based technologies and the global community of DRR experts and policy makers;
- Serve as a collective source and repository of information on efforts carried out worldwide by the EO and the satellite-based technology communities, including surveys and guidelines to improve the applications of existing and emerging technology to monitor hazards, exposure and risks;
- Generate policy-relevant advice to contribute to the integration of EO and satellite-based technologies into development process and public policies relevant to DRR;
- Facilitate the use of EO and related satellite-based technology to monitor progress in the implementation of the post-2015 framework for DRR.

GP-STAR partners (29 by 2017)

























































The Sendai framework for DRR (2015 – 2030)

An International Network on Multi-Hazard Early Warning Systems (IN-MHEWS): A Voluntary commitment

- To identify effective strategies and actions to promote and strengthen MHEWS in support of the implementation of the Sendai Framework;
- To facilitate the sharing of good practice and making available to governments and key stakeholders expertise and policy-relevant guidance to enhance and sustain MHEWS and related services;
- To promote synergies and partnerships between and among stakeholders at national, regional and international levels and those in charge of MHEWS at the national and local levels;
- To advocate the usefulness of MHEWS in regional and international platforms and among key stakeholders.

International Network on Multi-Hazard Early Warning Systems (IN-MHEWS)

































POTSDAM



UN-SPIDER+10: A revised strategy for UN-SPIDER for next decade

Internal UNOOSA review of TAMs' recommendations

March April 2016

Working document on 8 draft projects

May 2016

Consultation with UN-SPIDER network of 20 regional support offices (RSOs)

6 June 2016

Consultation with RSOs + other partners

7-8 June 2016

Revised UN-SPIDER strategy in support to UNISPACE+50

End 2016



THANK YOU

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