#### Use-Case for Risk Analysis of Water Borne Vector Disease

Prof. Nataliia Kussul,

Prof. Andrii Shelestov

Space Research Institute NASU-NSAU, Ukraine

UN-SPIDER Workshop September 21-23, 2009 Bonn, Germany





# Who we are: Current Expertise & International cooperation





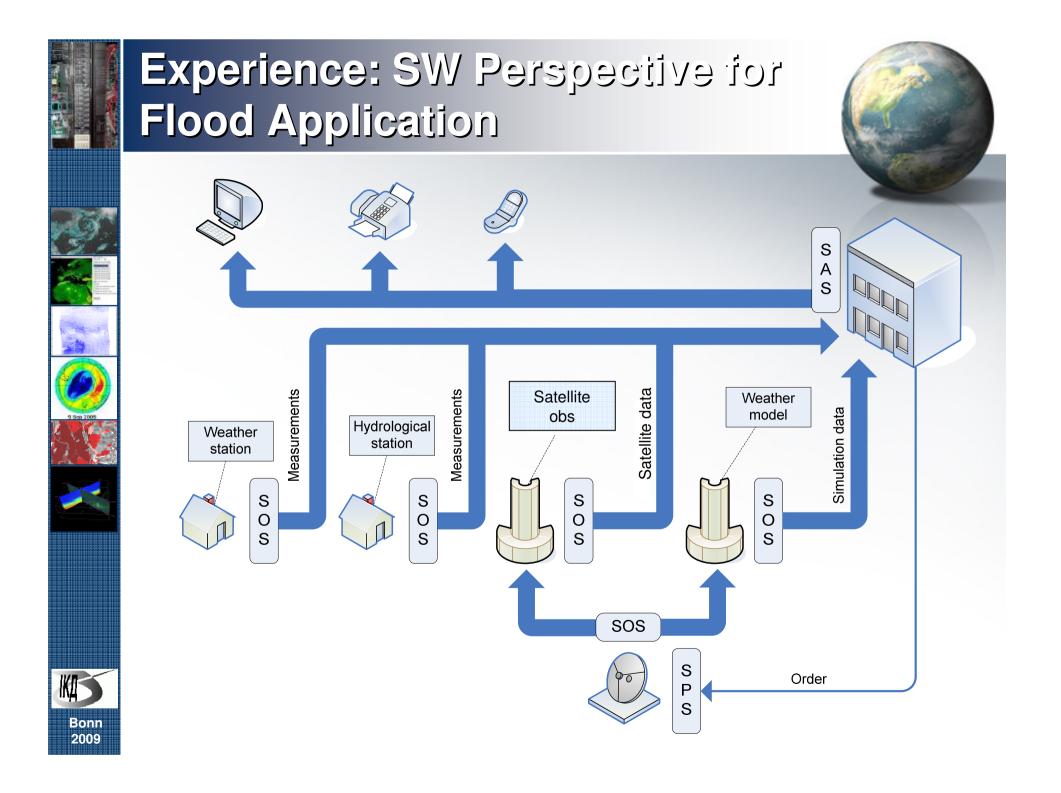
 Participation in international collaborative activities within GEO Working Plan and creation of GEOSS Architecture Implementation Pilot (1st and 2nd Calls) on topics Disasters and Sensor Web

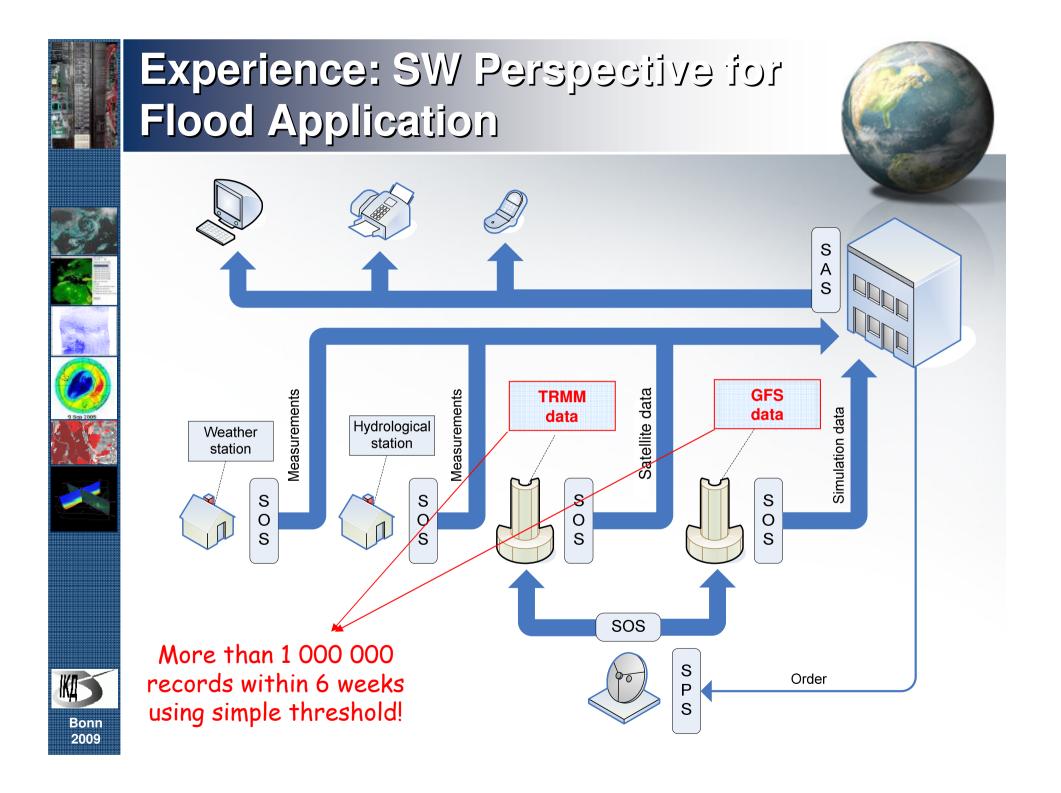


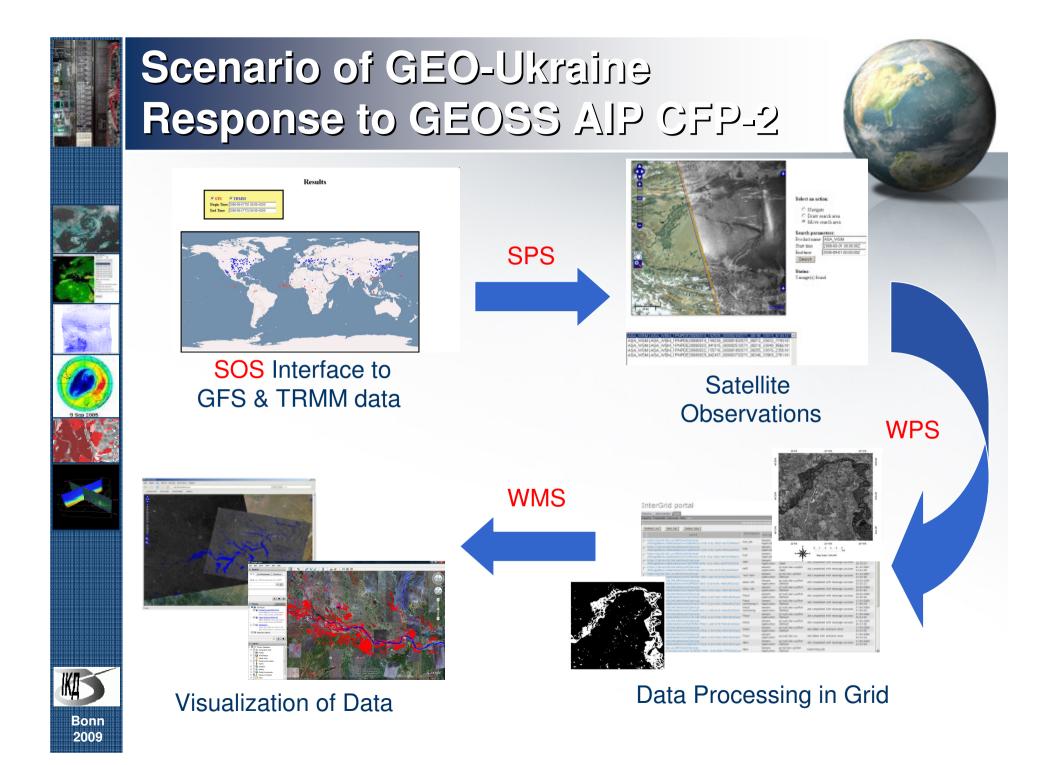






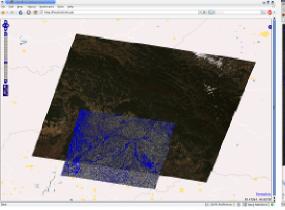


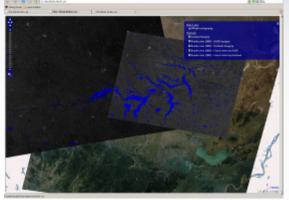


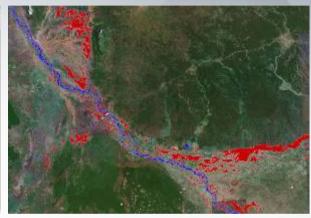


#### Case-Study Areas





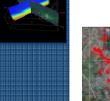


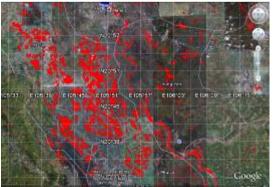


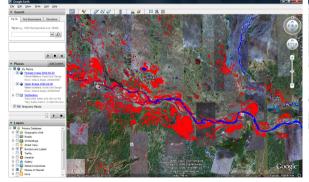
Ukraine, river Tisza, 2001

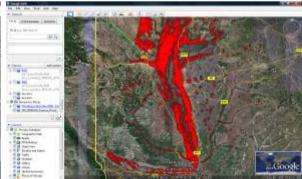
China, river Huaihe, 2007

Mozambique, river Zambezi, 2008









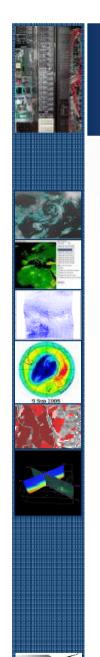


Vietnam, 2008

India and Nepal, river Koshi, 2008

Zambia, river Zambezi, 2009





# Challenge: To discover Flood Caused Risk of Epidemics



 rising flood waters intensifies health risks for millions of people, and exacerbates health threats for conditions including malaria, diarrhea and other potentially fatal communicable diseases [UN, WHO]

#### Ukraine

- major threats to health by water related diseases
- contamination of drinking water in wells
- leads to infectious diseases like hepatitis,
   leptospirosis etc with long incubation period
   [Ministry of Health of Ukraine]



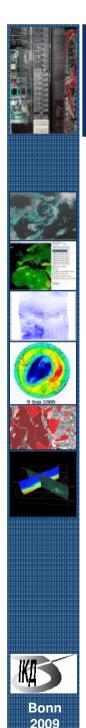




- GEOSS Health SBA
  - "... Earth observation data can contribute to improving our understanding of how the environment affects human health and well-being"
  - "... remote-sensing observations of weather, land and ocean parameters can now be used to predict outbreaks or trends in infectious diseases such as meningitis, malaria and cholera..."



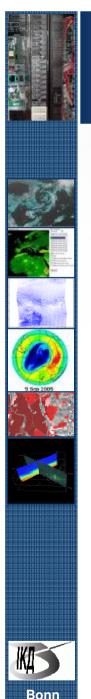




#### Challenge (cont.)

- GEOSS Health SBA in WP 2009-2011
  - HE-07-01: Strengthen Observation and Information Systems for Health
    - to improve in-situ environmental and health data collection for the utilization and validation of remotely sensed data relevant to health
  - HE-07-02: Environment and Health Monitoring and Modelling
    - to further develop and integrate databases of remotely sensed and in-situ environmental measurements together with new observations characterizing atmospheric, soil, river, lake and coastal marine pollution, and develop models to relate these to exposure and health effects data

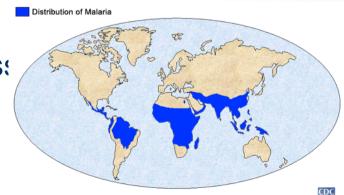




2009

# Our response: Initiated Project on Flood Forecasting and Epidemics Risk Assessment

- Main goal
  - to investigate environmental indicators of infectious disease and develop information technology for floods prediction and infectious disease risk assessment, in particular malaria
  - Within the project we will work out the *flowing chains* of data processing:
    - flood monitoring and forecasting,
    - flood mapping,
    - environmental parameters assessment,
    - socio-economical factors assess
    - infectious disease risk assessment.



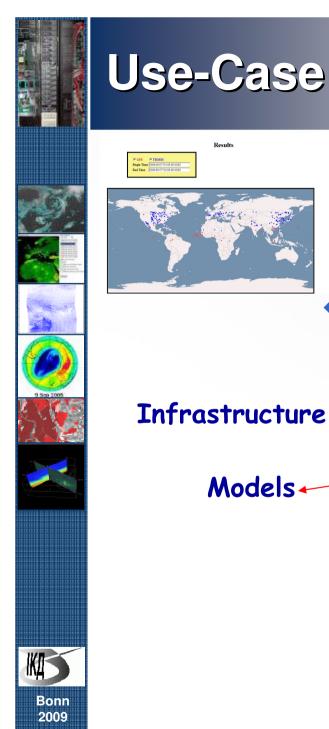


#### STCU-NASU Call

- Joint Call of the National Academy of Science of Ukraine and the Science and Technology Center in Ukraine "Targeted Research & Development Initiatives"
- Directions include
  - Information technologies and systems for the needs of biology and medicine
- Requires foreign collaborations to be involved





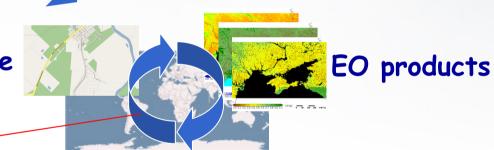


#### Use-Case Scenario



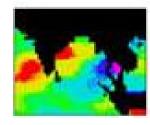
Models 4

Flood warnings



Socio-economic inf



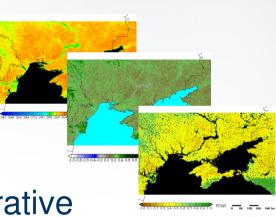


Health risk analysis



#### Data

- Models
  - GFS, hydro-predictors, ...
- Statistical data
  - on infectious diseases in Ukraine & Afric
- Remote sensing
  - land and water related products
  - In-situ measurements
- Socio-economic information
  - distribution of population, administrative boundaries...
- Infrastructure
  - wells, channels, ...



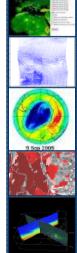




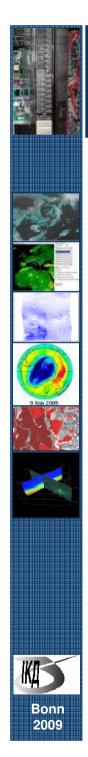
#### Methodology



- WP1 "Diseases"
  - to capture relationship between the environmental parameters and the development of infectious diseases
- WP2 "Environment"
  - environmental parameters assessment from EO, in-situ data & models
- WP3 "Information technologies"
  - development of models to forecast the spread of diseases
  - risk = f( intensity of disaster, probability), error estimates
- WP4 "Geoinformation services"
  - integration and visualization of the information to better manage infectious diseases



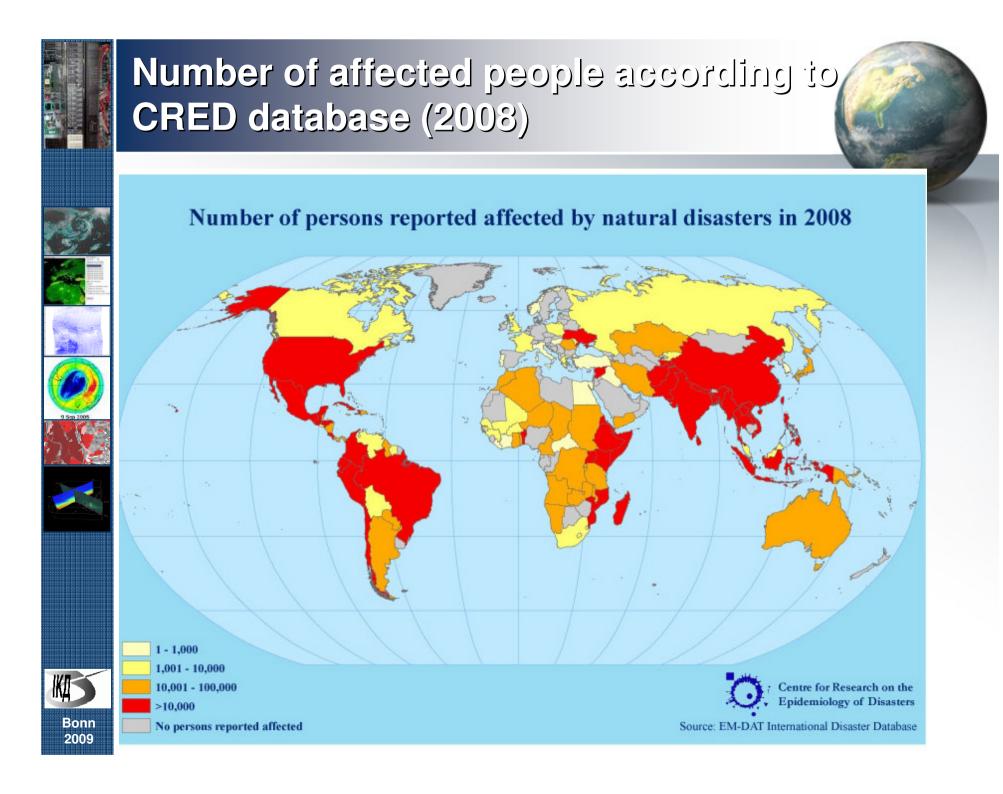




#### Case-Study

- Floods in Ukraine (Western regions), 2008
  - 29 people were killed
  - 17 201 people wereevacuated
  - 762 865 people were examined by doctors
  - 24 411 people were sick
    - 1729 with infectious diseases, among them 917 children
  - Water quality issues
    - 118000 objects disinfected
    - 31404 of water wells







# Charter Activation (for Romania) – too late













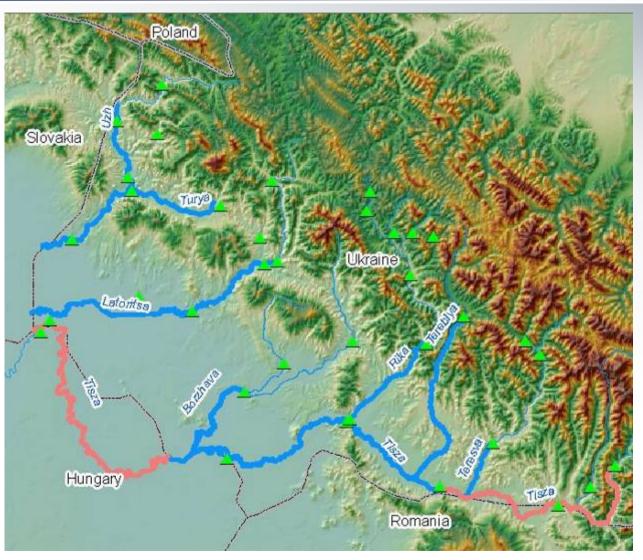






# Bonn 2009

### Flood forecasting system for the Ukrainian part of the Tisza River Basin

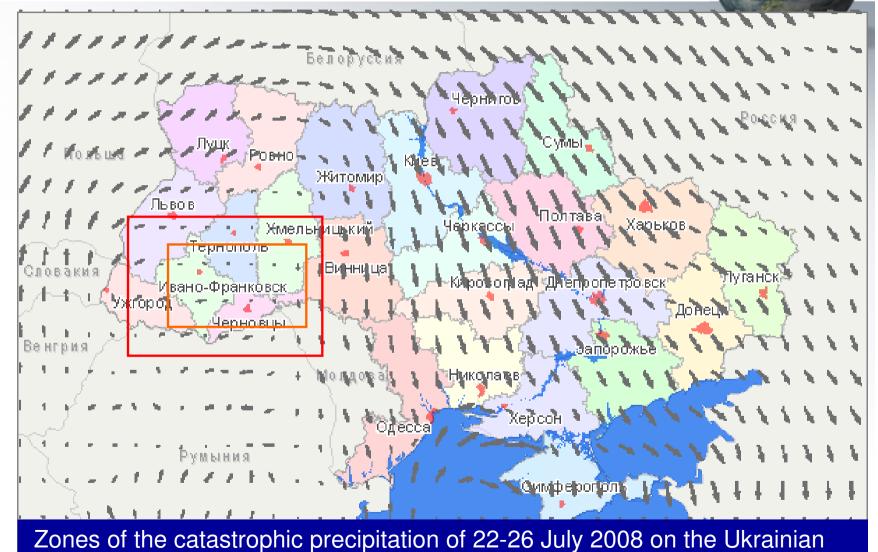


System
development in
2002-2008 after
the catastrophic
floods in
TransCarpathian
region
(Zakarpatska
oblast) in 1998
and 2000.

Nowadays more then 40 automatic water gage stations, 25 of them use satellite communication lines

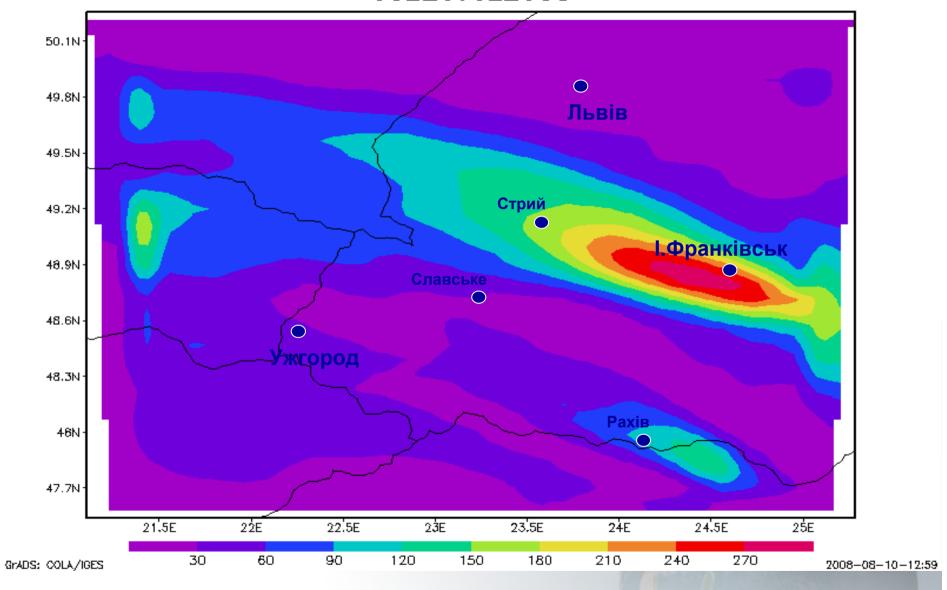
# 版 Bonn 2009

## System testing for catastrophic flood July 2008



wind map simulated by MM5- Ukraine model on the grid 27\*27 km

#### 00Z26JUL2008

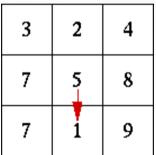


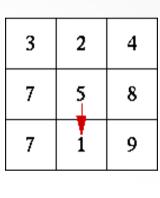
Forecast 0:00 23 .0723 .07 total precipitations (мм) by model MM5 - Carpathian (grid 9\*9 km) for the period 23-25 July 2008

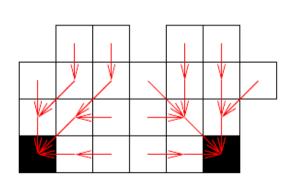


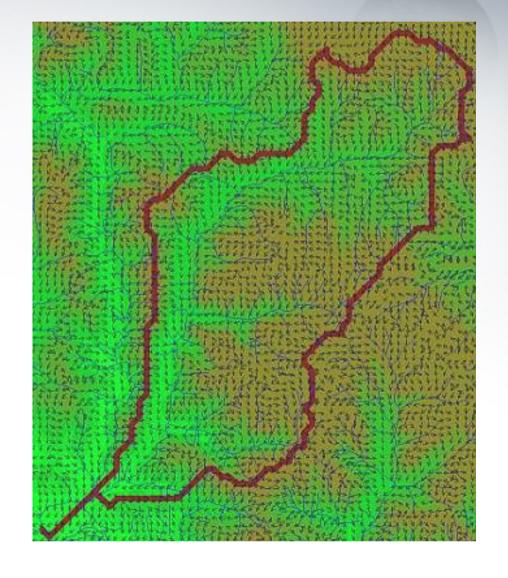




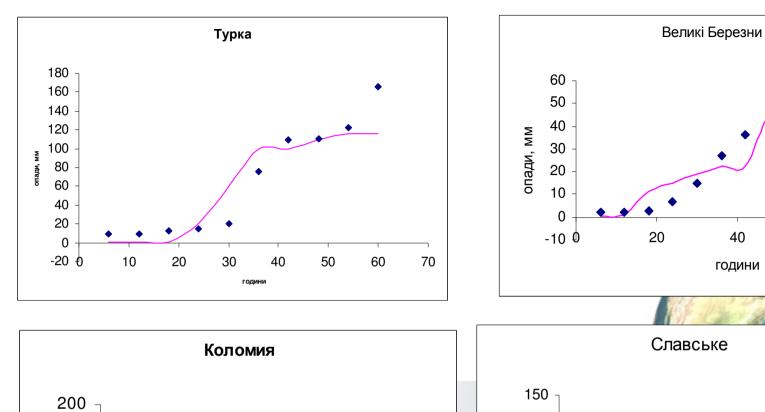


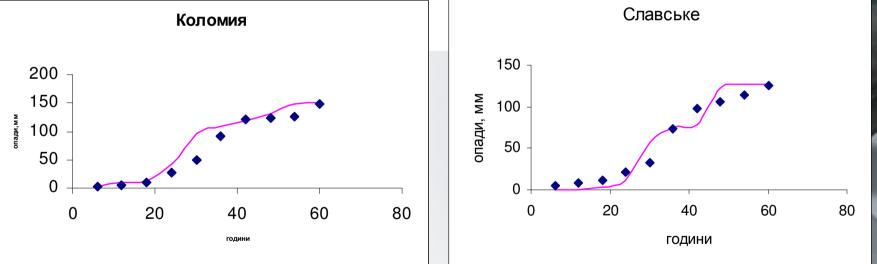




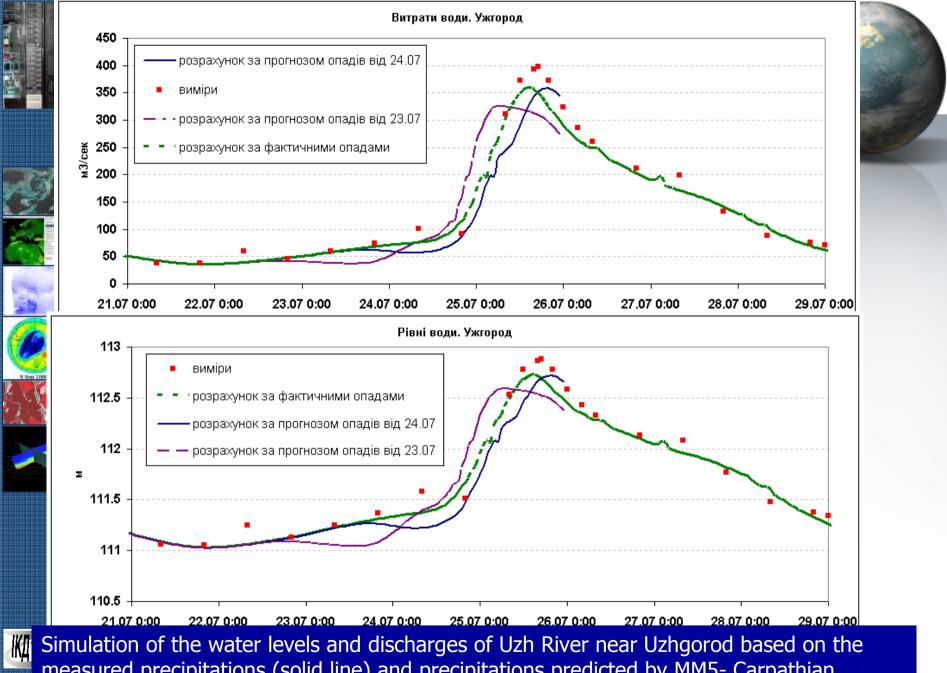








Forecast MM5 - MM5-Carpathian , grid 3\*3 км. From 12:00 23 .07 total precipitation. Dots –measured data

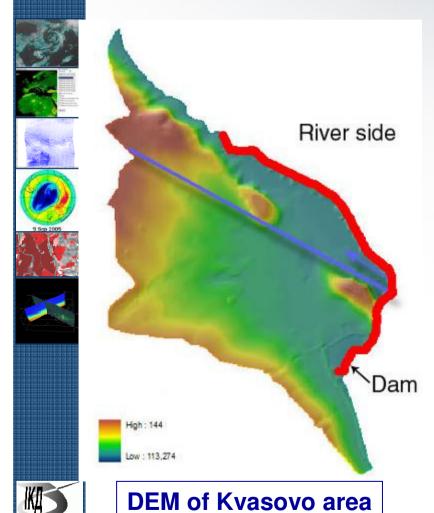


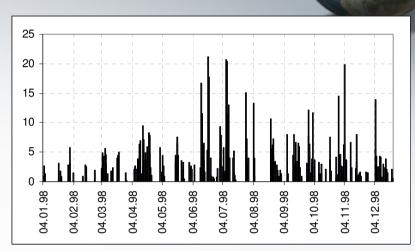
measured precipitations (solid line) and precipitations predicted by MM5- Carpathian models for 3\*3 км grid



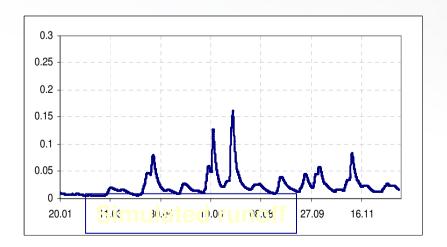
Bonn 2009

# Ungauged watershed case study





Observed time series of precipitation



















#### Future Plans: Statistical and Socio-economic information

- L.V. Gromashevsky's Institute of Epidemiology and Infectious Diseases from Ukraine
  - will provide
    - expertise on infectious diseases
    - statistical information over west Ukraine
- NOAA
  - will provide statistical information on Malaria in Africa
  - other partners?
- Challenges & Prospects
  - environmental information to be used for risk assessment of health threats due to floods
  - great interest in the use of modern geoinformation technologies
  - visualization of geospatial information and time-series

