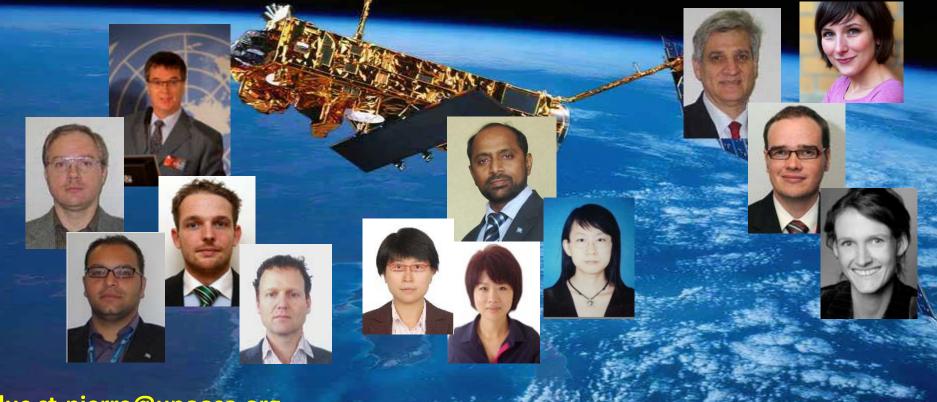


**UN-SPIDER** 



"UN-SPIDER: A model approach to reduce vulnerabilities to hazards through good practices in geospatial information management"



luc.st-pierre@unoosa.org





### Space-based Information for Disaster Management and Emergency Response

www.un-spider.org

"Ensure that all countries and international and regional organizations have access to and develop the capacity to use all types of space-based information to support the full disaster management cycle."

- Especially by being a gateway to space information for disaster management support;
- serving as a bridge to connect the disaster management and space communities; and
- being a facilitator of capacity-building and institutional strengthening (A/RES/61/110).





The Office for Outer Space Affairs (UNOOSA)

### ITS MISSION STATEMENT:

www.un-spider.org

The core business of the Office is to promote international cooperation in the use of outer space to achieve development goals for the benefit of humankind.





Images from earth observing satellites help assess the damage caused by disasters and assess vulnerability to hazards.

www.un-spider.org





Satellite communications help warn people who are at risk, especially in remote areas. They help connect a disaster zone to the outside world.

Global navigation satellite systems enable us to obtain positional information on events that have to be mapped.





JN-SPI





International Strategy for Disaster Reduction



"Time is running out. We have less than 8 years left to achieve the goals set in the Hyogo Framework for Action. While some progress has been made, the cruel reality is that – helped by short sighted policies and practices – the vulnerability of our societies continues to grow. I urge all Governments, and regional and local authorities, to make disaster risk reduction a real priority and to accelerate practical steps to make communities after from disasters. This will mean the investment of human and financial

### Hyogo Framework for Action 2005 - 2015:

Building the Resilience of Nations and Communities to Disasters

www.un-spider.org

Every year, more than 200 million people are affected by droughts, floods, cyclones, earthquakes, wildlandfires, and other hazards. Increased population densities, environmental degradation, and global warming adding to poverty make the impacts of natural hazards worse.

The past few years have reminded us that natural hazards can affect anyone, anywhere. From the Indian Ocean tsunami to the South Asia earthquake, from the devastation caused by hurricanes and cyclones in the United States, the Caribbean and the Pacific, to heavy flooding across Europe and Asia, hundreds of thousands of people have lost their lives, and millions their livelihoods, to disasters caused by natural hazards. Pledge of 168 Countries @ World Conference on Disaster Risk Reduction (DRR), Hyogo, Kobe, Japan, 2005

#### 3 GOALS

- To integrate disaster risk reduction into sustainable development policies and Planning.
- To develop and strengthen institutions, Communities Mechanisms and capacities to build resilience to hazards
- To systematically incorporate risk reduction approaches into the implementation of emergency preparedness, response and recovery programs.





### HFA – Priority Actions

#### **5 PRIORITY AREAS**

- **1.** Making disaster risk reduction a priority
- 2. Improving risk information and early warning

www.un-spider.org

- 3. Building a culture of safety and resilience
- 4. Reducing the risks in key sectors
- 5. Strengthening preparedness for response



Support from space technologies





#### THE FUTURE WE WANT Para 274

We recognize the importance **of space-technology-based data**, in situ monitoring, and **reliable geospatial information** for sustainable development policy-making, programming and project operations... ... We recognize the need to support developing countries in their efforts to collect environmental data.

#### Knowledge Portal

The UN-SPIDER Knowledge Portal is a web-based tool for information, communication and process support. Users can find and share case studies, guides and products through the portal.



The Knowledge Portal's dynamic matrix enables rapid information access

#### Fostering Cooperation

UN-SPIDER bridges the gap between the space and disaster management communities. UN-SPIDER fosters alliances and creates forums where both communities can meet.



UN-SPIDER Activities

#### Technical Advisory Support

UN-SPIDER provides support to countries in assessing national capacity and in evaluating disaster and risk reduction activities, policies and plans with regard to the use of space-based technologies.

#### Capacity Building

UN-SPIDER facilicates capacity building and institutional strengthening, including the development of curricula and an e-learning platform (e-SPIDER).



#### ...and many more



JN-5P





www.un-spider.org

#### **UN-SPIDER Team**

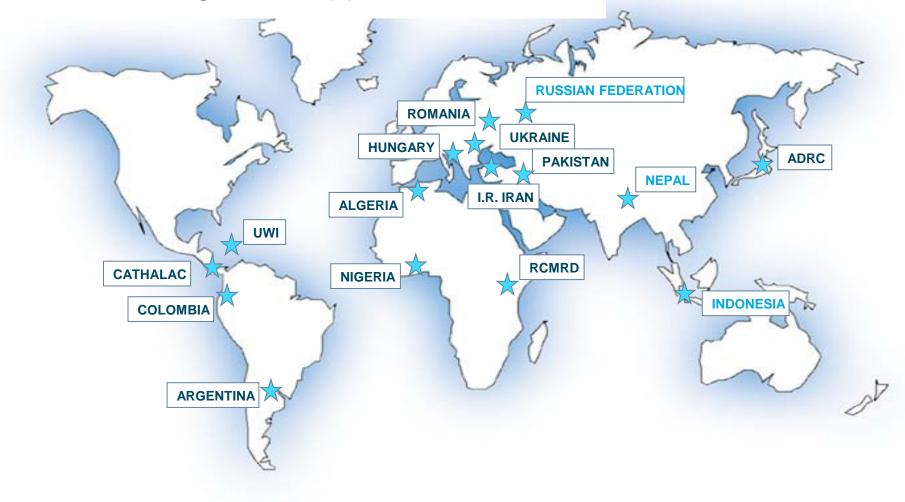
Network of Regional Support Offices (RSOs, 16)

National Focal Points (45)





#### Network of Regional Support Offices







A web portal for information, communication, and process support. A platform which supports knowledge management, capacity building, technical advisory support and support to emergency and humanitarian assistance. http://www.un-spider.org







#### **Space Application Guides**

Scientific and technical papers, best practices and case studies, etc.

News and Events from the space and the disaster/risk management community

Guides on technologies, institutions and organizational mechanisms Links to data and information sources

Repository of freely available Earth observation data and products

- Hazard-specific datasets
- Digital Elevation Models
- Land use and land cover maps
- Satellite data
- Search engines for geospatial data

Recommended practices on the use of archived imagery

Lessons learned from drought in Iran, floods in Pakistan and earthquakes in Japan

Best practices on geo-information for disaster and risk management



N-SP



**Pre-disaster** Preparedness plan

# Cyclone: Space inputs

### Prediction/early warning

Cyclone monitoring Track prediction, landfall point, Storm and storm surge Disaster warning station

www.un-spider.org

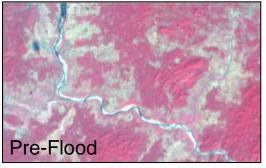
#### Disaster

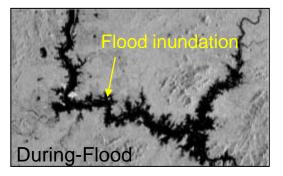
Flood and damage assessment

#### **Post-Disaster**

Rehabilitation

AWiFS i





Source: ISRO







# Up-to-date thematic and baseline spatial data is a basic requirement

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**Baseline data** 

Utility and infrastructure data Thematic data on terrain and natural resources

Satellite images (Pre and Post disaster event) Disaster specific data

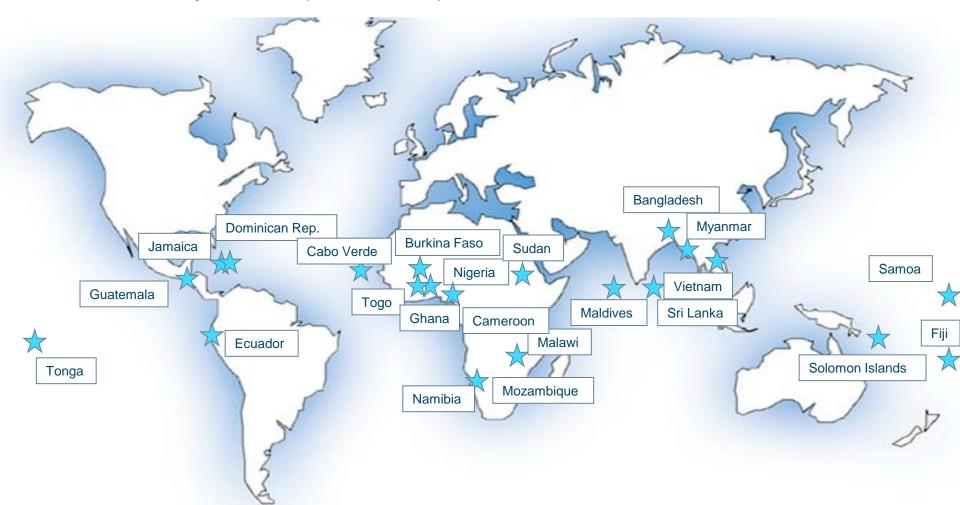
Most of the georeferenced information is derived from the satellite images



N



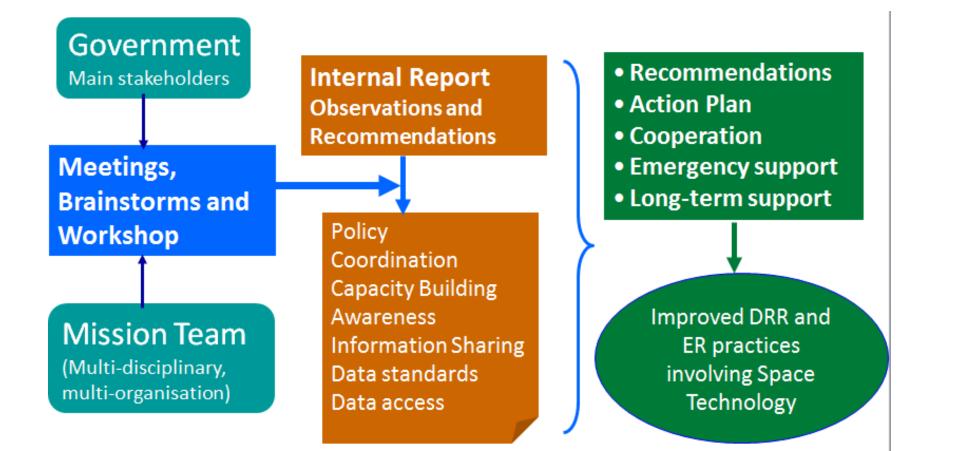
#### Technical Advisory Mission (2008 - 2013)







### **UN-SPIDER** Technical Advisory Missions









- Technical Advisory Mission to **Vietnam**, 25 29 March 2013
- Technical Advisory Mission to **Ghana**, Nov/Dec 2013
- Technical Advisory Mission to **Malawi**, 14 18 October 2013
- Technical Advisory Support (training) to **Bangladesh**, 12-16 May 2013

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- Technical Advisory Support (training) to **Sudan**, 5 9 May 2013
- Technical Advisory Support (training) to **Dominican Republic**, 13 17 May 2013
- Technical Advisory Support (training) to Mozambique, November
- Technical Advisory Support to Indonesia, 5 6 September
- UN/Germany Early Warning Expert Meeting, Bonn, Germany, 25 26 June 2013
- SPIDER/NDRCC training, Beijing, China, 21-22 October
- UN/China International Conference, Beijing, China, 23 25 October
- Beijing Training: Flood Risk Mapping, Modeling and Assessment using Space technology, Beijing, China, 27-31 October

# Activities in 2013







#### **Technical Advisory Mission**

- Kenya, 3-7 March 2014
- El Salvador, 2-4 April 2014

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- Zambia, end May or early June 2014
- Bhutan, 2-5 June 2014
- Mongolia, 3<sup>rd</sup> or 4<sup>th</sup> week July 2014

# Activities in 2014

#### Training

- Vietnam, 3rd week September 2014
- Sri Lanka, 1st week November 2014
- Bangladesh (tbc)

#### WORKSHOPS/CONFERENCE

- Regional Expert Meeting/CEPREDENAC to Central America, El Salvador, 31March and 1 April
- Regional workshop ASEAN region (Partners LAPAN, AHA), Indonesia, 15-16 April

- International training with ICIMOD on flood forecast and hazard mapping, Nepal, 26-30 May
- United Nations/Germany Expert Meeting on Space Technologies for flood and drought risk reduction, 3-4 June
- UN/China International Conference on Space-based Technologies for Disaster, 1st week September
- Course in space-based applications for Disaster Risk Reduction, China, 2nd week September





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